



## 8 Utility Tools

### 8.1 Debug tool



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### Debug tool

**Goal: Provide user friendly dump of the event**

- Work on both reconstructed and MC data.
- Side by side print out of reconstructed and MC data.
- Informations can be selected by the user.
- Flat or Tree display.



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## Debug tool usage

### Getting the tool

**Get the definition**     `#include "DaVinciMCTools/IDebugTool.h"`

**Declare your instance** `IDebugTool *m_debug`

**Get your instance**     `toolSvc()->retrieveTool("DebugTool", m_debug)`

### Using the tool

**Event as trees**     `m_debug->printEventAsTree( mcparts [, assoc] )`

**Particle decay as tree**     `m_debug->printTree( part [, depth] )`

**Event as a flat list**     `m_debug->printEventAsList( parts [, assoc] )`

**Ancestors**     `m_debug->printAncestor( mcpart )`



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## Debug tool output

```
<----- MCParticle ----->
      Name           E           M           P           Pt           phi           Vz
                   GeV         GeV         GeV         GeV         mrad         cm
BO                29.828       5.279       29.358       7.666       -29.331      -1.780
+-->J/psi(1S)     29.119       3.097       28.954       7.707        4.943      -1.450
|+-->mu+         23.835       0.106       23.835       7.396        69.765      -1.450
|+-->mu-          5.284       0.106        5.283       0.580      -967.540     -1.450
| +-->nu_e        0.046       -0.000       0.046       0.041        58.550     1932.276
| +-->e-          0.039       0.001       0.039       0.038     -2650.137    1932.276
| +-->nu_e        0.021       -0.000       0.021       0.017     1996.055    1932.276
+-->KS0           0.710       0.498       0.506       0.267     -1736.262     -1.450
+-->pi+           0.280       0.140       0.243       0.167     2955.913     -0.167
|+-->mu+         0.110       0.106       0.030       0.019     -1545.998    234.307
||+-->nu_e       0.017       0.000       0.017       0.007     2418.076    234.307
||+-->e+         0.036       0.001       0.036       0.030     2629.653    234.307
||+-->nu_e       0.052       -0.000       0.052       0.037     -554.517    234.307
|+-->nu_e        0.030       0.000       0.030       0.019     1595.595    234.307
+-->pi-          0.429       0.140       0.406       0.317     -1182.472     -0.167
```



## Debug tool side by side output

```
<----- MCParticle -----><----- Particle ----->
      Name          P          Pt          Name          P          Pt
              GeV          GeV              GeV          GeV
B0                29.358      7.666 No associated particle
+-->J/psi(1S)     28.954      7.707 No associated particle
|+-->mu+          23.835      7.396 No associated particle
|+-->mu-           5.283      0.580 mu-          5.272      0.578
| +-->nu_e        0.046      0.041 No associated particle
| +-->e-          0.039      0.038 No associated particle
| +-->nu_e        0.021      0.017 No associated particle
+-->KS0           0.506      0.267 No associated particle
+-->pi+           0.243      0.167 No associated particle
|+-->mu+          0.030      0.019 No associated particle
||+-->nu_e        0.017      0.007 No associated particle
||+-->e+          0.036      0.030 No associated particle
||+-->nu_e        0.052      0.037 No associated particle
|+-->nu_e        0.030      0.019 No associated particle
+-->pi-           0.406      0.317 No associated particle
```

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## Debug tool List and Ancestors output

### Flat list

```
<----- Particle ----->
      Name          Vz          Vz          Vz
              cm          cm          cm
pi+                0.645      0.537      64.9
pi-                0.385     -0.729      28.9
e-                -0.735       7.2       484
pi+                0.393      0.728      28.9
mu-                5.97       15.5      487
pi+                6.01       15.2      488
pi-               -0.293      0.899      15.4
e-                -3.85      -6.23      232
mu-                0.664     -0.854      7.93
gamma              -205      -295     1.26e+03
```

### Ancestors

pi0 -> gamma -> e+

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## Debug tool configuration

### In the *jobOption* file:

- User can select the informations to dump.
- Width of the columns can be adjusted.
- Numerical precision can also be tuned.
- Tree depth can be limited in general.

### Available informations are:

Name	The particle name (plus the tree drawing)
E	The energy
M	The mass
P, Pt, Px, Py, Pz	The momentum
Vx, Vy, Vz	The position of the first measured point
theta, phi	The spherical angles
eta	The pseudo-rapidity

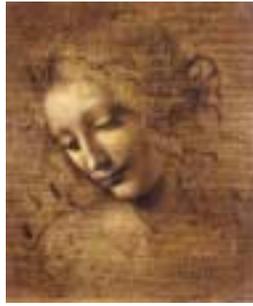


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## Debug tool example jobOption

```
// Defaults for DebugTool
MyToolOwner.DebugTool.PrintDepth = 999;
MyToolOwner.DebugTool.TreeWidth = 20;
MyToolOwner.DebugTool.FieldWidth = 10;
MyToolOwner.DebugTool.FieldPrecision = 3;
MyToolOwner.DebugTool.Informations = "Name E M P Pt phi Vz";
```





## 8.2 (MC)DecayFinder



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### (MC)DecayFinder

**Goal: Find any inclusive or exclusive decay in an event**

- Work at the particle ID level.
- Work on both reconstructed and MC data.
- Find multiple instances of the decay.
- Use a simple description of the decay.



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## (MC)DecayFinder usage

### Getting the tool

**Get the definition** `#include "DaVinciMCTools/I(MC)DecayFinder.h"`

**Declare your instance** `I(MC)DecayFinder *m_finder`

**Get your instance** `toolSvc()->retrieveTool("MC)DecayFinder",  
m_finder)`

### Using the tool

```
const (MC)Particle *result = NULL;
while( m_finder->findDecay( (mc)parts, result ) )
{
// The decay has been found
  m_debug->printTree( result );
}
```

**Or to simply test for the presence of the decay**

```
bool found = m_finder->hasDecay( (mc)parts )
```



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## (MC)DecayFinder configuration

**Only two parameters exists:**

**Decay** The decay we are looking for. Must be set in the **jobOption** file.

**ResonanceThreshold** The lifetime under which a particle is considered a resonance. Default provided.



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## (MC)DecayFinder decay grammar

A *decay* is a **mother** **or**  
**mother** -> **daughter<sub>1</sub>** **daughter<sub>2</sub>** ...

Use => instead of -> if you want to skip the resonances.

**A mother is either**

- a **particle name** or **!name** or ?
- **(name)**
- **[name]**os
- **[name<sub>1</sub>, name<sub>2</sub>]**cc
- **{mother<sub>1</sub>, mother<sub>2</sub>,...}**
- **pp**

**A daughter is either**

- a **particle name** or **!name** or ?
- **(decay)**
- **[name<sub>1</sub>, name<sub>2</sub>]**cc
- **{mother<sub>1</sub>, mother<sub>2</sub>,...}**
- **{(decay<sub>1</sub>), (decay<sub>2</sub>),...}**
- ...

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## (MC)DecayFinder grammar examples

B0

**any  $B^0$**

(B0)

**any stable  $B^0$**

(pi+)

**any stable  $\pi^+$**

J/psi(1S)

**any stable  $J\Psi$**

pi0 -> gamma gamma

**any  $\pi^0$  decay to 2  $\gamma$**

[B0,B+]cc

**any  $B^0, \bar{B}^0, B^+$  or  $B^-$**

pp => [K-]cc

B0 -> (J/psi(1S) -> mu+ mu- ) (KS0 -> pi- pi+)

B0 -> (J/psi(1S) -> mu+ mu- {gamma,}) (KS0 -> pi- pi+)

B0 => mu+ mu- gamma (KS0 -> pi+ pi-)

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### 8.3 Gaudi utilities: a reminder



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### Printing

To print out informations use the *MessageService* and not `cout`. **Because:**

- It works like `cout`.
- It adds a severity tag to your message.
- It tells the user from where the message is coming.
- It can be filtered based on severity.



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## Printing How-To

- **Get the definition of this facility.**

```
#include "GaudiKernel/MsgStream.h"
```

- **Create a stream.**

```
MsgStream log(msgSvc(), name())
```

- **Print!**

```
log << MSG::DEBUG << "Hello World!" << endreq
```



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## Severity & Notes

**The available severity levels are (in increasing order):**

- MSG::DEBUG
- MSG::INFO
- MSG::WARNING
- MSG::ERROR
- MSG::FATAL

**One *request* to the Message Service can be split. You just need to start it with a severity tag and end it with a `endreq`.**

```
log << MSG::INFO << "Momentum along x: " << mypart->momentum().px()/GeV << endl;  
double ptx = sqrt(pow(mypart->momentum().py(),2)+pow(mypart->momentum().pz(),2));  
log << "Momentum in yz plane: " << ptx/GeV << endreq;
```



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## Ntuple

To use a Ntuple you have to

1. Declare the variables of your ntuple.
2. Create the ntuple.
3. Register the ntuple.
4. Register your variables to your ntuple.
5. Fill the variables & commit.
6. Adjust the `NtupleSvc.Output` in your `jobOption` file.

Note that step 2. could fail if the ntuple already exists.



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## Ntuple variables declaration

First get the definition of what kind of items can be put in the ntuple.

```
#include "GaudiKernel/NTupleItems.h"
```

Then declare your variables with the appropriate type.

```
NTuple::Item<long> m_nPart;  
NTuple::Array<float> m_px, m_py, m_pz;  
NTuple::Matrix<float> m_trackEnds_x, m_trackEnds_y, m_trackEnds_z;
```

`Array` and `Matrix` can only be used with a column wise ntuple.



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## Ntuple creation & booking

**First check if your ntuple has already been registered.**

```
NTuplePtr MyNtuple(ntupleSvc(), "MyFileKey/MyDirectory/MyID");
```

**If not (*MyNtuple* == 0) then create and book your ntuple.**

```
MyNtuple = ntupleSvc()->book ("MyFileKey/MyDirectory", MyID,  
                             CLID_ColumnWiseTuple, "MyTitle");
```

**Here it was created in *MyDirectory* as *MyID* in the file associated to *MyFileKey*.**



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## Ntuple setup

**Attach the variables to the ntuple.**

```
status = nt->addItem ("NParts", m_nPart, 0, 5000);  
if( status.isSuccess() )  
    status = nt->addIndexedItem ("px", m_nPart, m_px);  
if( status.isSuccess() )  
    status = nt->addIndexedItem ("vx", m_nPart, 2, m_trackEnds_x);  
...
```

**Or if it already exists, reattach the variables.**

```
status = nt->item ("NParts", m_nPart);  
if( status.isSuccess() ) status = nt->item ("px", m_px);  
if( status.isSuccess() ) status = nt->item ("vx", m_trackEnds_x);  
...
```



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## Ntuple filling

**Use the variables you associated to the ntuple as usual.  
When you are ready to write the row of the ntuple out,  
simply call the `write` method.**

```
ntuple->write()
```

**After that call, all the variables will be reset to zero.**

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## Ntuple jobOption settings

**Be sure to have the NTuple service loaded (it is by default in DaVinci).**

```
ApplicationMgr.ExtSvc += {"NTupleSvc" };
```

**Then to have your ntuple saved to disk you need to say what kind of  
persistence format you want.**

**For the traditional HBOOK format:**

```
NTupleSvc.Output={"MyFileKey DATAFILE='MyFileName.hbook' TYP='HBOOK' OPT='NEW'"};
```

**For the more recent ROOT format:**

```
NTupleSvc.Output={"MyFileKey DATAFILE='MyOtherFileName.rt' TYP='ROOT' OPT='NEW'"};
```

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## Histogram

To use the histogram facility you have to

1. Select the kind of persistence you want (Hbook or Root).
2. Adjust the jobOption file.
3. Create & register your histograms.
4. Fill them.



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## Histogram persistence

Histogram persistence can be achieved with either Hbook or Root.

To change the default of Hbook to Root you must change the requirement file of DaVinci to

```
#use HbookCnv          v12r0
use RootHistCnv        v6r0
```

You also need to change the jobOption file to

```
\\#include "$STDOPTS/Hbook.opts"
\\HistogramPersistencySvc.OutputFile = "Histos.hbook";
#include "$STDOPTS/RootHist.opts"
HistogramPersistencySvc.OutputFile = "Histos.rt";
```



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## Histogram creation

**Get the headers defining the histograms.**

```
#include "GaudiKernel/IHistogramSvc.h"  
#include "AIDA/IHistogram1D.h"
```

**Declare the variable which will contain your histogram.**

```
IHistogram1D *m_hB0Mass
```

**Create and book your histogram.**

```
m_hB0Mass = histoSvc()->book("MyDirectory", MyID, "MyTitle",  
                             NBins, Min, Max);  
if( 0 == m_hB0Mass) BUG();
```



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## Histogram filling

**Histogram filling is straightforward.**

```
m_hB0Mass->fill(candB0.mass()/GeV, 1.)
```

**Always divide the value by the unit so you don't have to remember the default units.**

