

LHCb status report

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On behalf of the LHCb Collaboration

Introduction



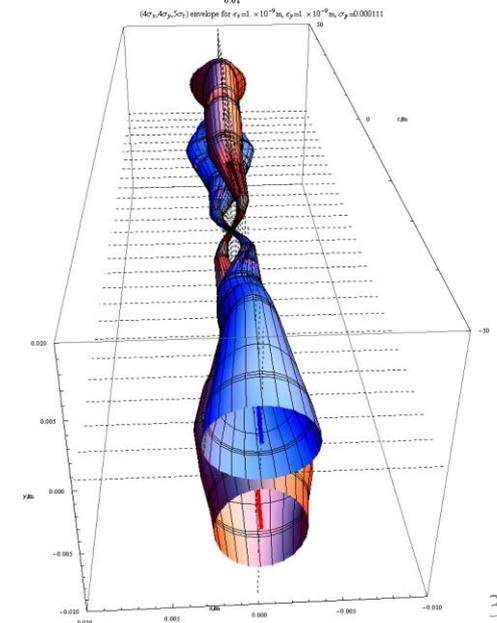
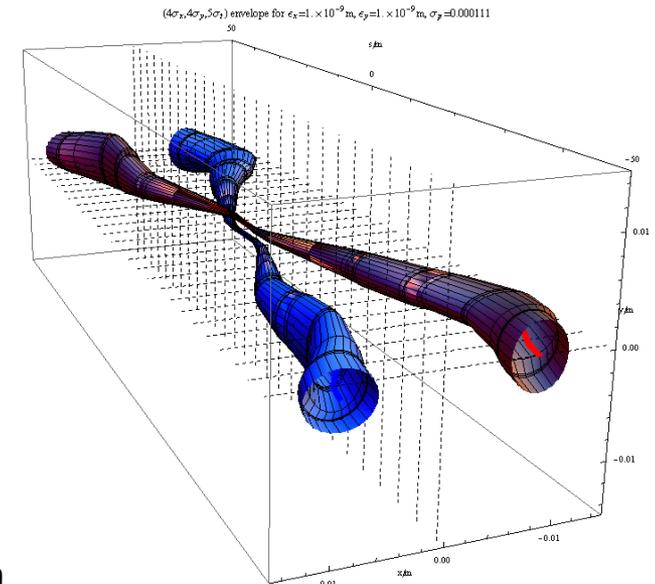
- Running conditions in 2012
 - Tilted beam planes
 - HLT improvements
- New results since last LHCC
- LHCb upgrade Framework TDR.

Data taking 2012

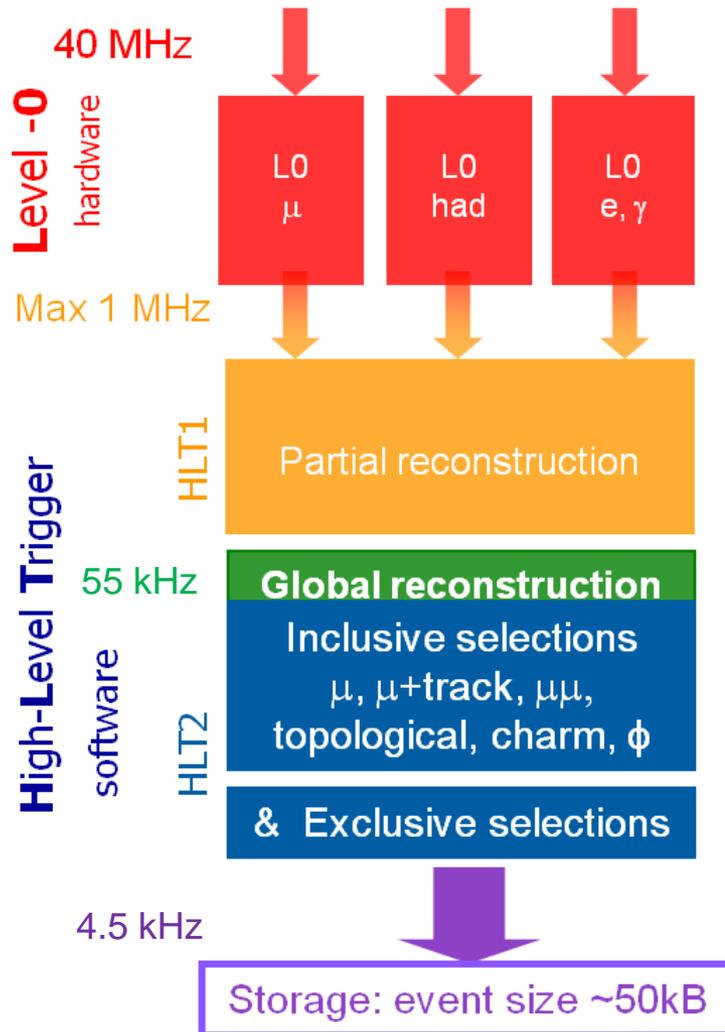


Several new aspects of operation in 2012:

- Running conditions 4×10^{32} and 1 MHz L0 rate (saturating the bandwidth)
- Deferred HLT trigger
- Tilted beam crossing-plane
 - Have exactly the same beam crossing angle with the two polarities, which improves the situation in terms of systematic uncertainties
 - Running smoothly, including magnet polarity changes
 - Thanks to the machine for setting this up and commissioning it.

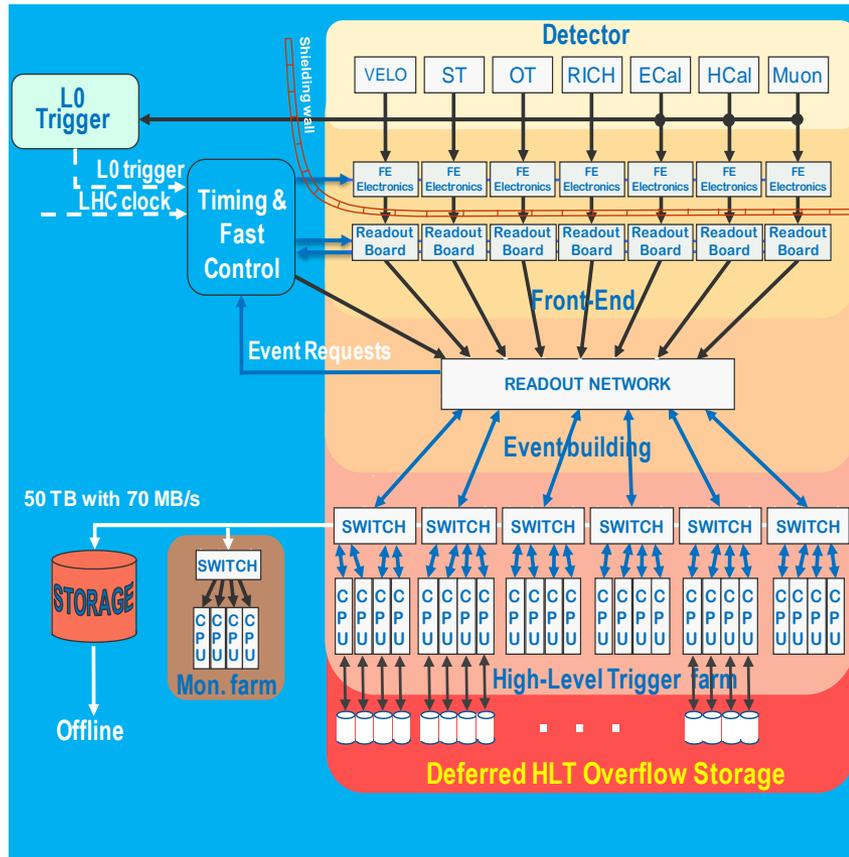


Trigger 2012

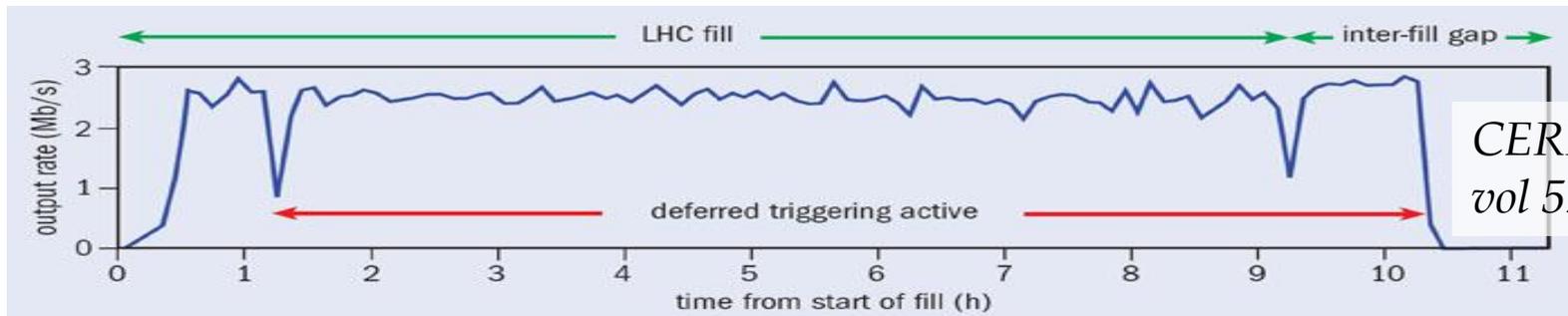


- Running conditions different than 2011
 - $L = 4 \times 10^{32}$ (vs 3.5×10^{32} last year)
 - 8 TeV vs 7 TeV (\rightarrow $\sim 14\%$ bigger bb xsection)
- HLT1 input rate closer to 1 MHz (maximum bandwidth) than before (850KHz \rightarrow 950KHz)
- 10% more CPU power, algorithm improvements
- Deferred HLT...

Deferred triggering

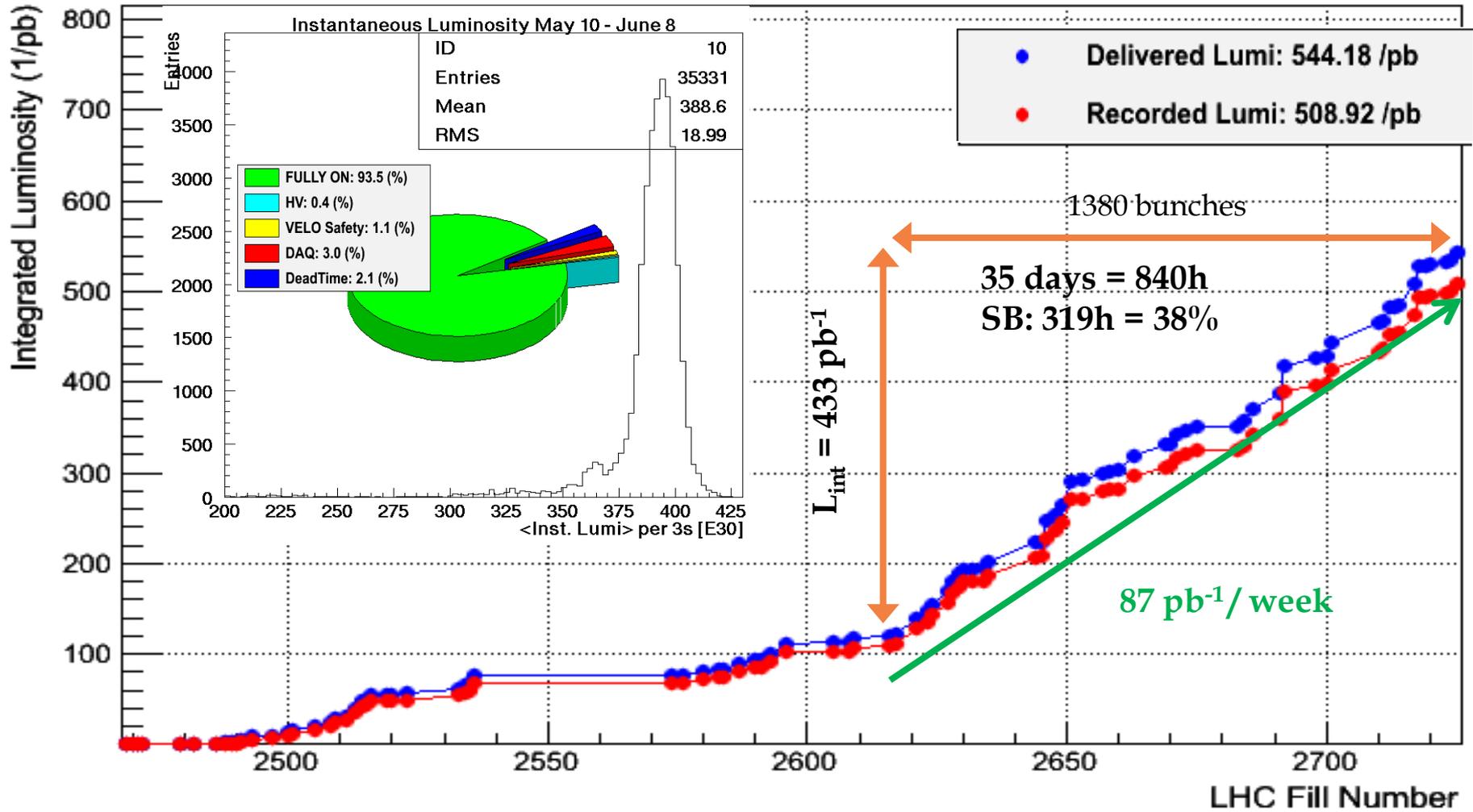


- Delay the HLT triggering for ~5% (will be ~20% with new disks recently installed) of the L0 rate into the EFF.
- When the eventbuilder detects that the HLT cannot process all the incoming events, they are written to the hard disk of the nodes in the EFF. Between fills, these events will be processed.
- Equivalent ~20% gain in CPU (but cheaper than buying 20% more CPU's)



*CERN courier,
vol 52, no. 5*

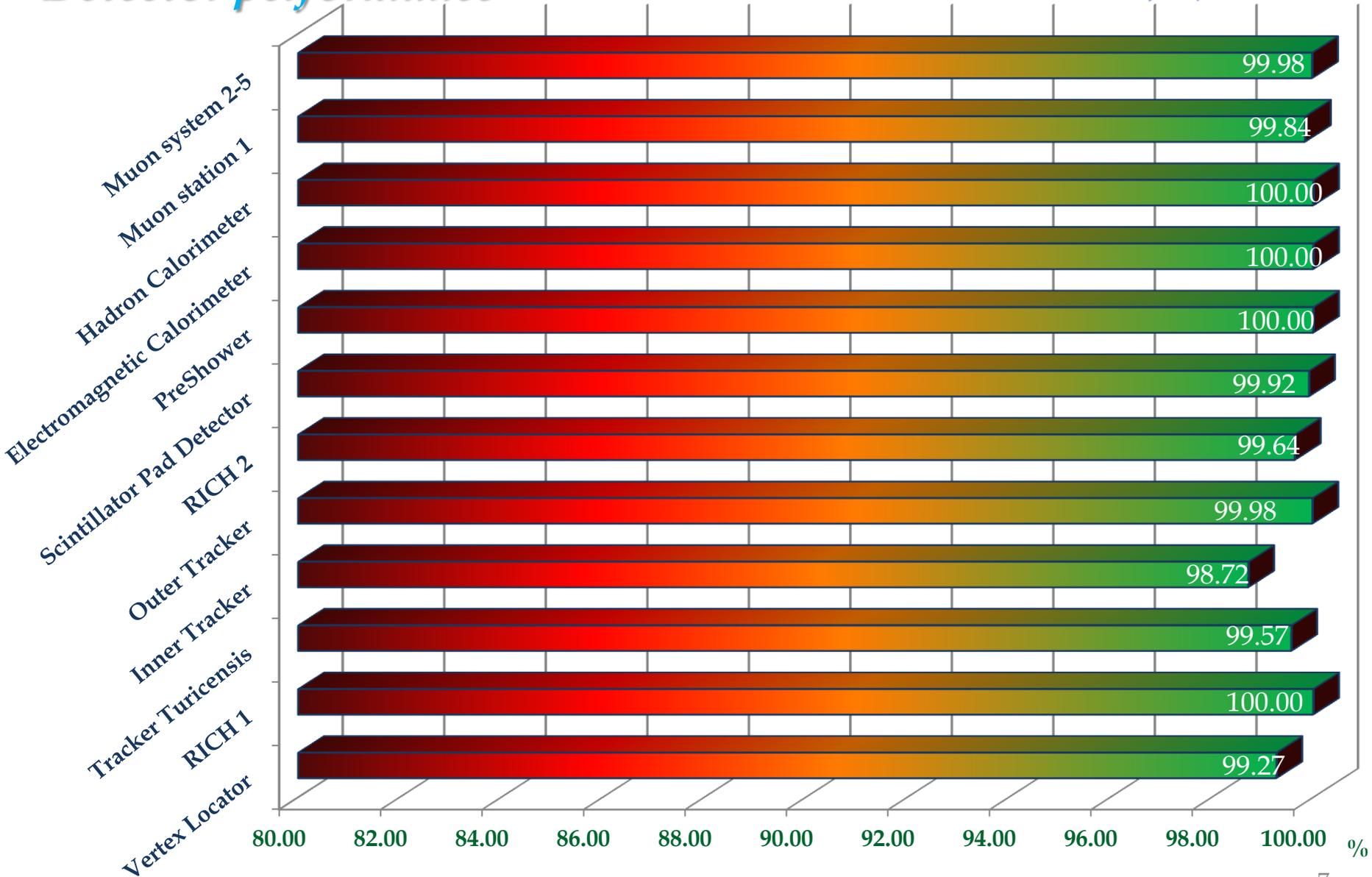
Integrated Luminosity - Status & Prospect



2012 expectation: $1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1} + 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ (now)} \sim 1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ delivered

Detector performance

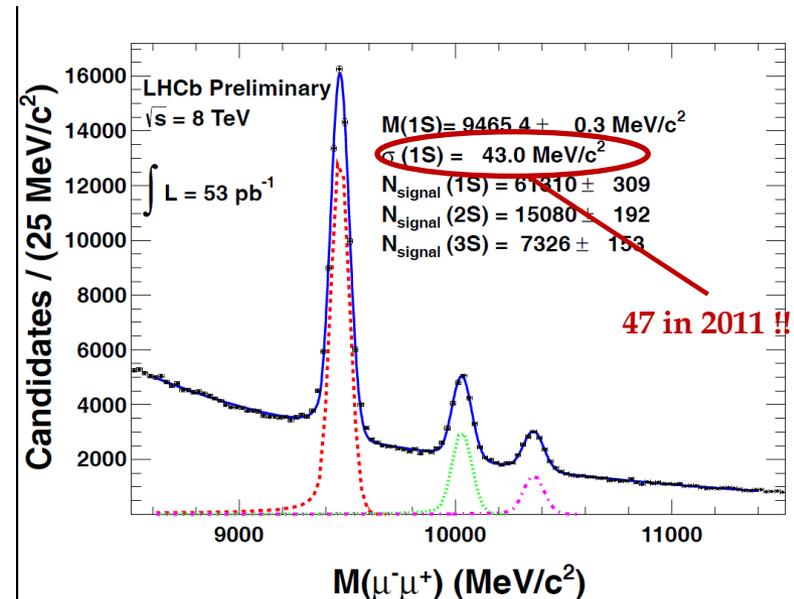
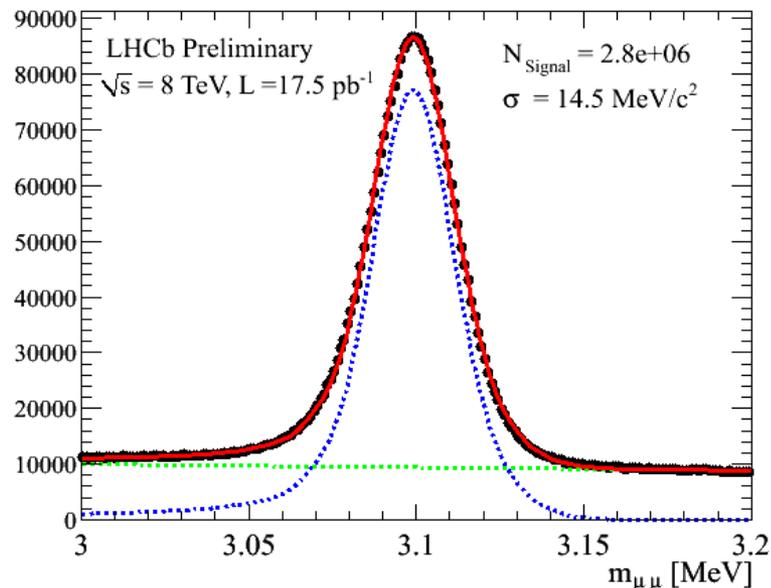
Efficiency (channels)

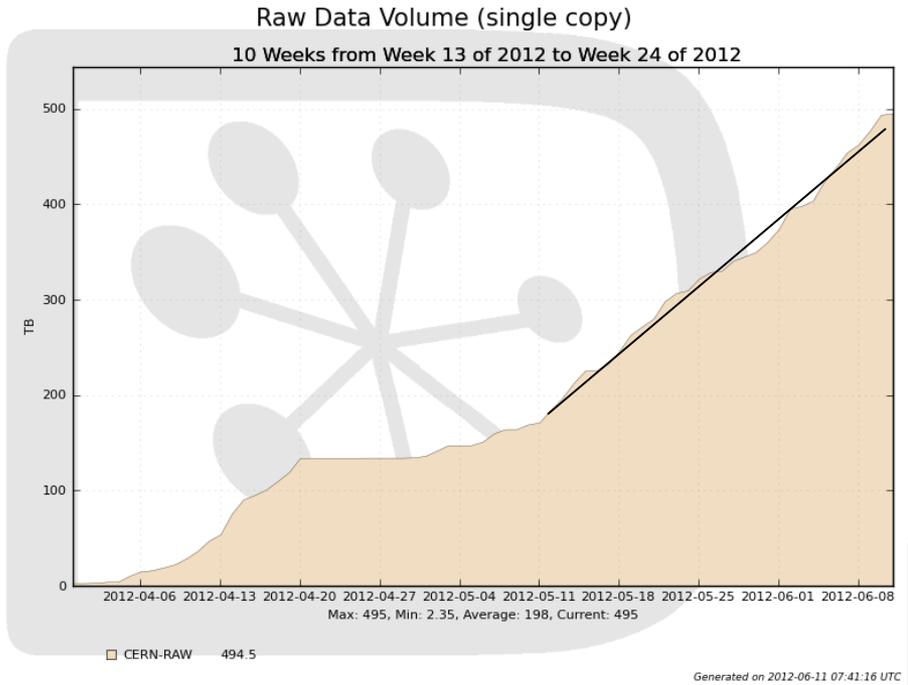


Detector performance



- LHCb performing well
- Preliminary studies in the show a possible improvement in the mass resolution in the Υ (43 MeV in 2012 vs 47 in 2011). The mass resolution found in the J/ψ is the same.

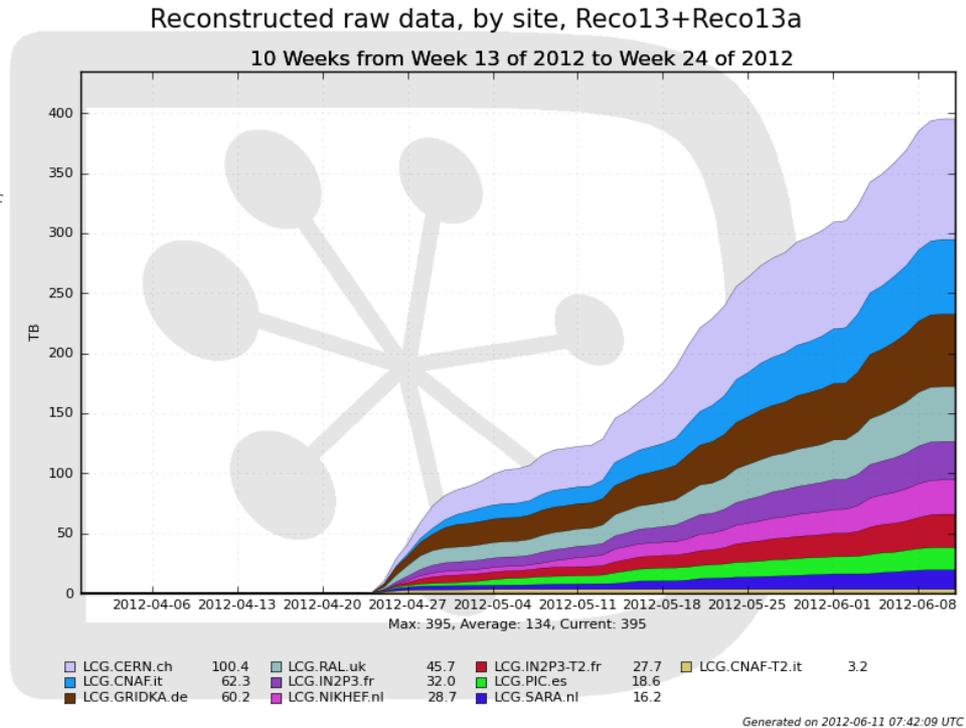




Raw data recording:
long term average rate : ~ 120 MB/s
during stable beam : ~ 300 MB/s

~ 1 TB per pb^{-1}

Reconstruction:
- Data reconstructed within ~ 5 days delay w.r.t data taking



Physics results (papers)



- New results since the Winter Conferences, using 2011 / 2010 data
- *Measurement of the isospin asymmetry in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-$ decays* (PAPER-2012-011)
- *Measurement of the branching fractions of charmless charged two-body decays of bottom hadrons* (PAPER-2012-002)
- *Observation of excited Λ_b baryons* (PAPER-2012-012)
- *Measurement of relative branching fractions of B decays to $\psi(2S)$ and J/ψ mesons* (PAPER-2012-010)
- *Inclusive W and Z production in the forward region at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV* (PAPER-2012-008)
- *Study of D_{sJ} decays to $D^+ K_S$ and $D^0 K^+$ final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV* (PAPER-2012-016)
- *Measurement of the $D_s^+ - D_s^-$ production asymmetry in 7 TeV pp collisions* (PAPER-2012-009)

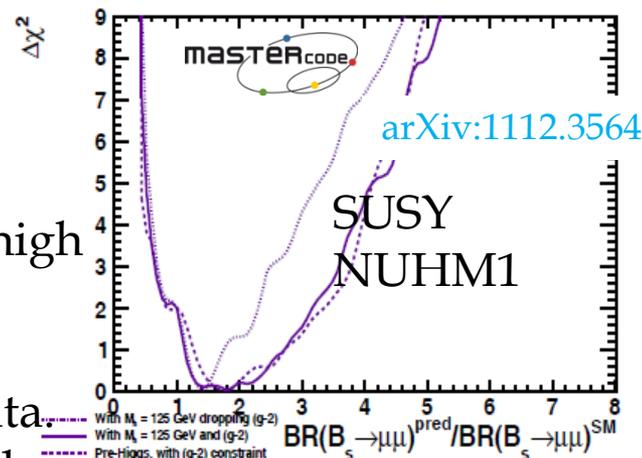
Physics results (conference reports)



- New results since the Winter Conferences, using 2011 / 2010 data
- *Search for the rare decays $B_{s(d)} \rightarrow \mu\mu$ at the LHC with the ATLAS, CMS, and LHCb experiments (CONF-2012-017)*
- *Search for the lepton flavour violating decay $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-$ (CONF-2012-015)*
- *Search for Higgs-like bosons decaying into long-lived exotic particles (CONF-2012-014)*
- *Low mass Drell-Yan production in the forward region at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV (CONF-2012-013)*
- *Measurement of jet production in $Z^0/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ events at LHCb in $s\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV pp collisions (CONF-2012-016)*
- *Measurement of the cross-section for $Z^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ production in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV (CONF-2012-011)*
- *Measurement of the forward energy flow in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with the LHCb experiment (CONF-2012-012)*

$B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$ LHC combination

- BR($B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$) very small in the SM
 - BR($B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$) = $(3.2 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-9}$, defined at $t=0$
 - time integrated is (in the SM) $\sim 10\%$ higher (see arXiv:1204.1737)
- Departures of SM are possible, specially in SUSY at high $\tan\beta$, regardless of other experimental constraints
- Current world best limit 4.5×10^{-9} from LHCb 2011 data. Also, LHCb observes a small excess (~ 1 sigma) w.r.t bkg only
- CMS has similar sensitivity, slightly bigger excess (p-value of $\sim 11\%$)



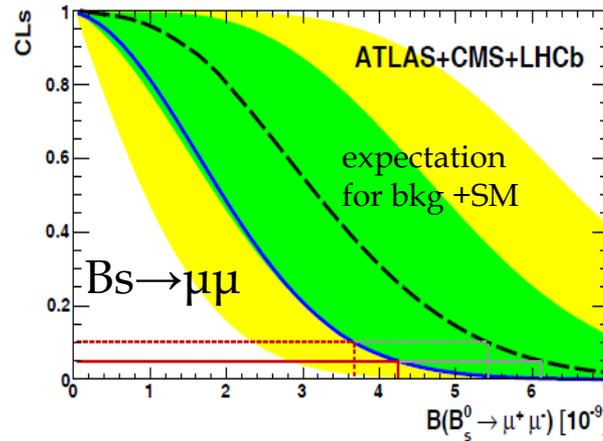
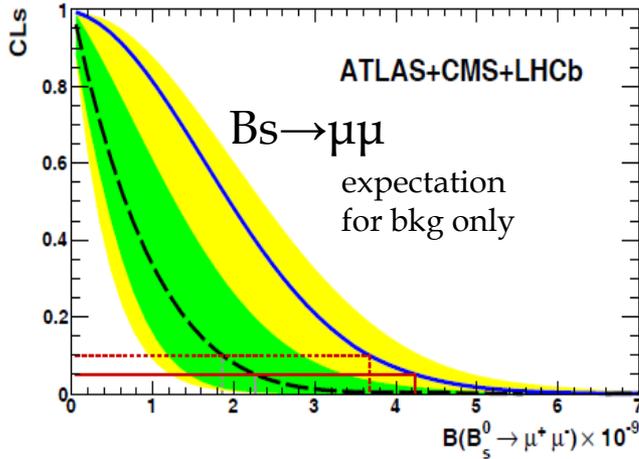
Limit 95% C.L. (10^{-9})	ATLAS	CMS	LHCb 2010	LHCb 2011
Bkg Only	23	(3.6)	65	3.4
Bkg+SM		8.4		7.2
Obs	22	7.7 (7.2)	56	4.5

Combine all these results into a single measurement

$B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$ LHC combination



LHCb-CONF-2012-017
 CMS-PAS-BPH-12-009
 ATLAS-COM-CONF-2012-090



- LHC combination sets world best limits on $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)$, strongly constraining SUSY

- Expected limit improves by 32% with respect to LHCb alone (gain in sensitivity, even if the gain in the observed limit seems smaller)
- Low p-value ($1-CL_b \sim 5\%$) for bkg-only, improves over CMS alone (11%) but still not enough to claim observation
- Combination for $BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu)$ yields 8.1×10^{-10}

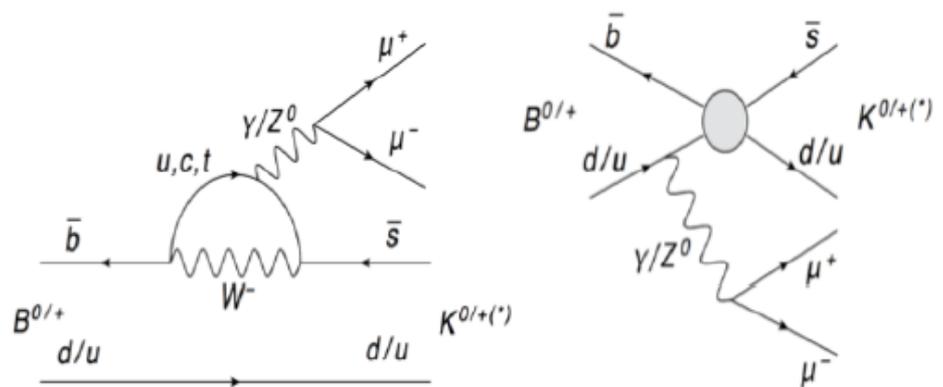
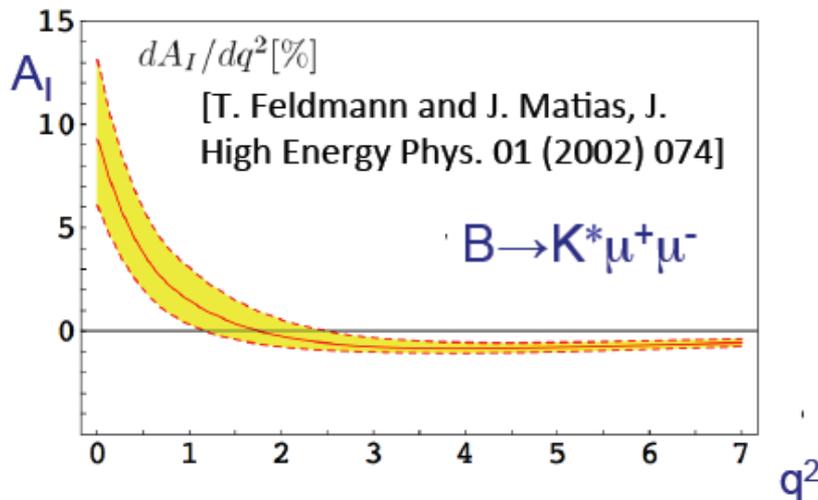
Limit 95% C.L. (10^{-9})	ATLAS	CMS	LHCb 2010	LHCb 2011	Comb.	Improv. vs LHCb
Bkg Only	23	(3.6)	65	3.4	2.3	32%
Bkg+SM		8.4		7.2	6.1	15%
Obs	22	7.7 (7.2)	56	4.5	4.2	7%

Isospin asymmetries in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu \mu$

PAPER-2012-011

- Measurement of the Isospin asymmetry of $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu \mu$ in bins of the dimuon mass squared (q^2).
- In SM expected to be close to zero
- Analyzed 1.0 fb^{-1} of data

$$A_I = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{(*)0} \mu^+ \mu^-) - \frac{\tau_0}{\tau_{\pm}} \mathcal{B}(B^{\pm} \rightarrow K^{(*)\pm} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{(*)0} \mu^+ \mu^-) + \frac{\tau_0}{\tau_{\pm}} \mathcal{B}(B^{\pm} \rightarrow K^{(*)\pm} \mu^+ \mu^-)}$$



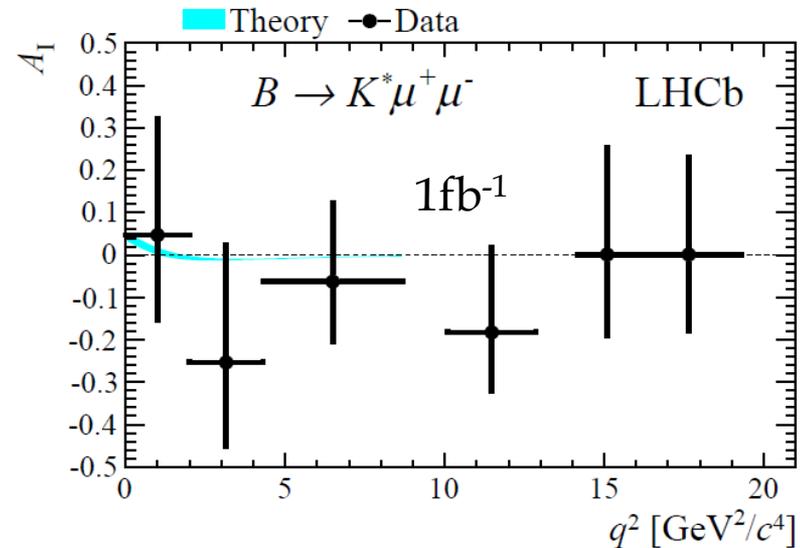
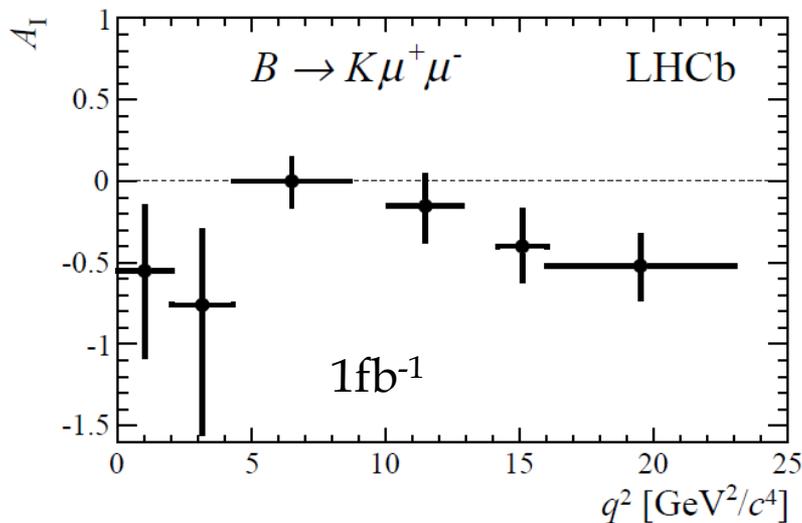
Isospin asymmetries in $B \rightarrow K(^*)\mu\mu$

- $B \rightarrow K^*\mu\mu$

- Consistent with previous measurements (BELLE, BaBar, CDF)
- Consistent with zero

- $B \rightarrow K\mu\mu$

- Consistent with previous measurements (BELLE, BaBar, CDF)
- **Inconsistent with zero at ~ 4.4 sigma.** No clear explanation yet.



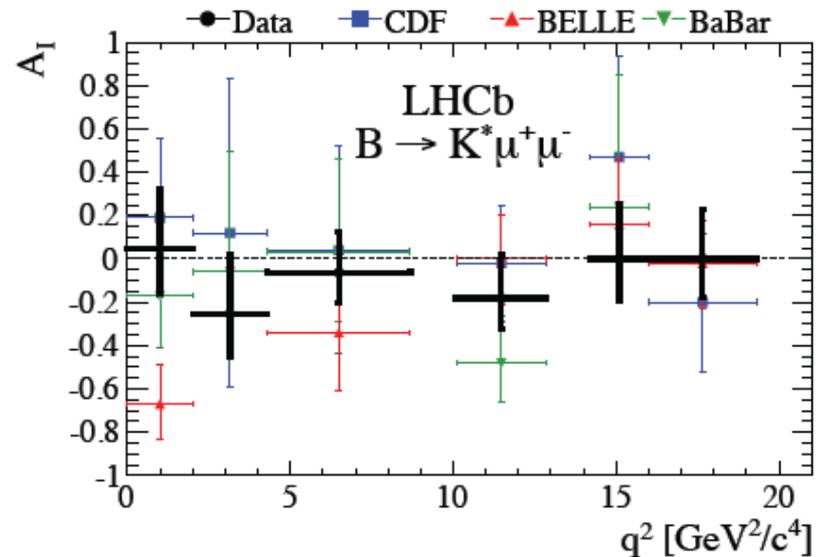
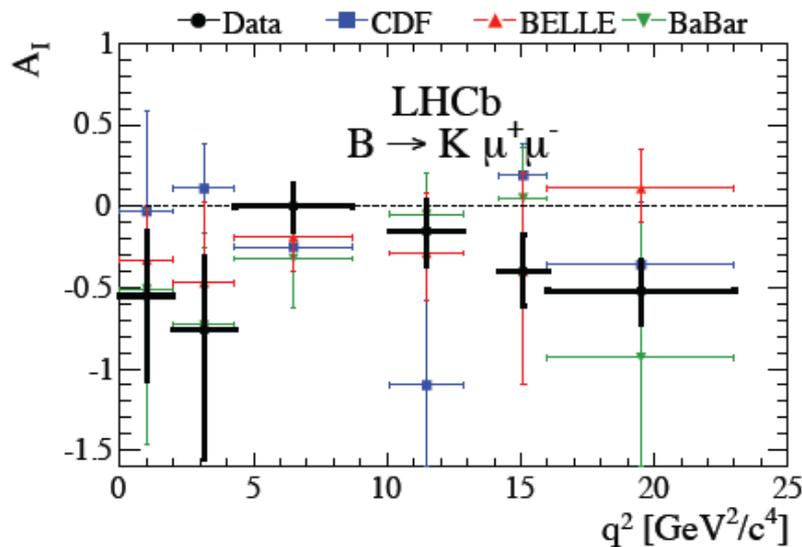
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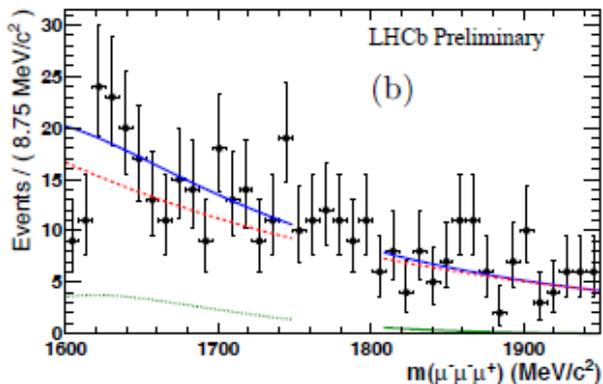
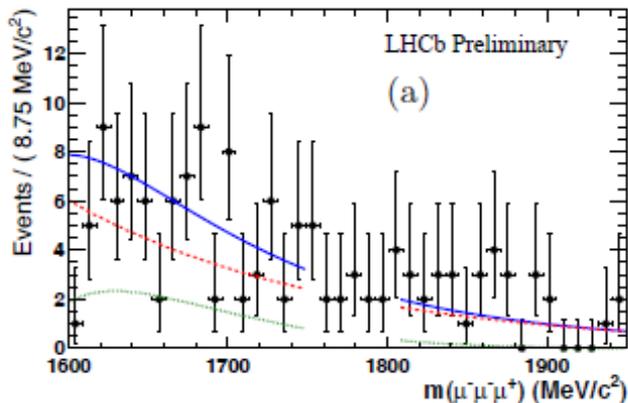
- $B \rightarrow K\mu\mu$

- Consistent with previous measurements (BELLE, BaBar, CDF)
- **Inconsistent with zero at ~ 4.4 sigma.** No clear explanation yet.



$\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$

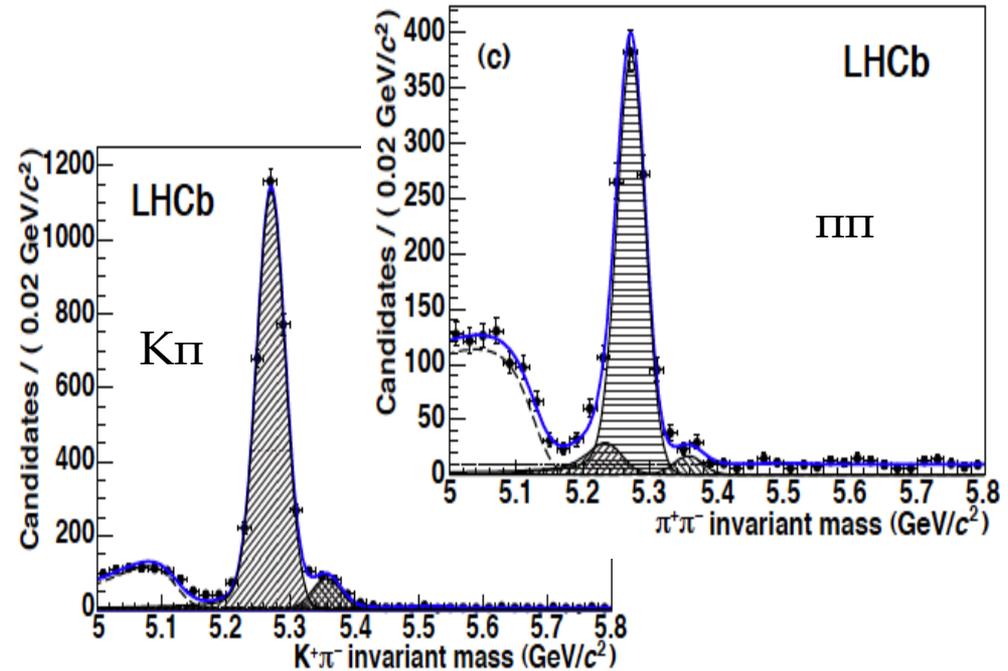
- Lepton Flavour Violating decay
 - BR $O(10^{-54})$ in SM + neutrino oscillations.
- Sensitive to NP scenarios (SUSY, LHT...), enhancements up to 10^{-8} are possible.



- Current limits
 - BR($\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$) $< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$ @ 90% CL (BaBar)
 - BR($\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$) $< 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$ @ 90% CL (Belle)
- LHCb set an upper limit at the same order, with first fb⁻¹:
 - BR($\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$) $< 6.3(7.8) \times 10^{-8}$ @ 90(95)% CL (LHCb)
- Excellent prospects for next years (+upgrade)

$H_b \rightarrow hh'$ Branching Fractions

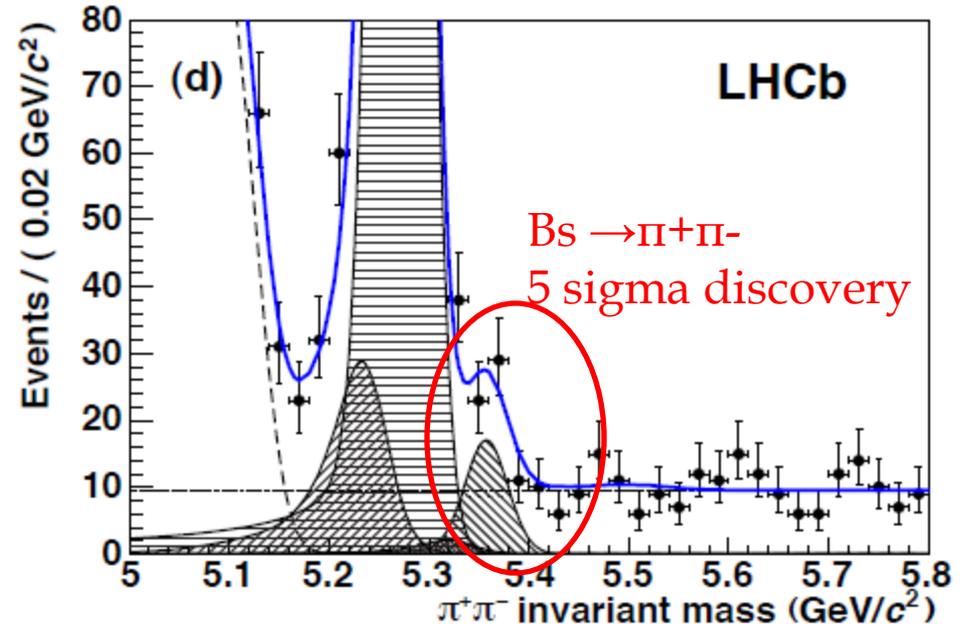
- Analysis using 370pb^{-1}
- Fit to the mass lineshape in different daughters' mass hypotheses and for different PID cuts, taking into account simultaneously all the $H_b \rightarrow hh'$ modes.
- World first observation of the decay $B_s \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ at a branching fraction of 10^{-6} .



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) &= (5.08 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.37) \times 10^{-6}, \\ \mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-) &= (23.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-6}, \\ \mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \pi^+K^-) &= (5.38 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.62) \times 10^{-6}, \\ \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-) &= (0.11^{+0.05}_{-0.04} \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-6}, \\ \mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) &= (0.95^{+0.21}_{-0.17} \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-6}, \end{aligned}$$

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Observation of excited b baryons



- **First observation** of two narrow states in the $\Lambda_b \pi \pi$ mass spectrum,

$\Lambda_b^{*0}(5912)$ (16.4 ± 4.7 events, 4.9σ) and $\Lambda_b^{*0}(5920)$ (49.5 ± 7.9 events, 10σ).

- With masses:

$$M_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5912)} = 5911.95 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

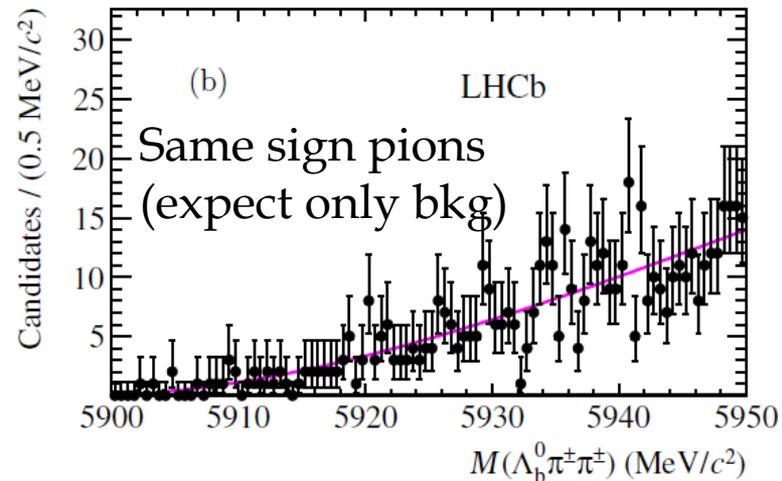
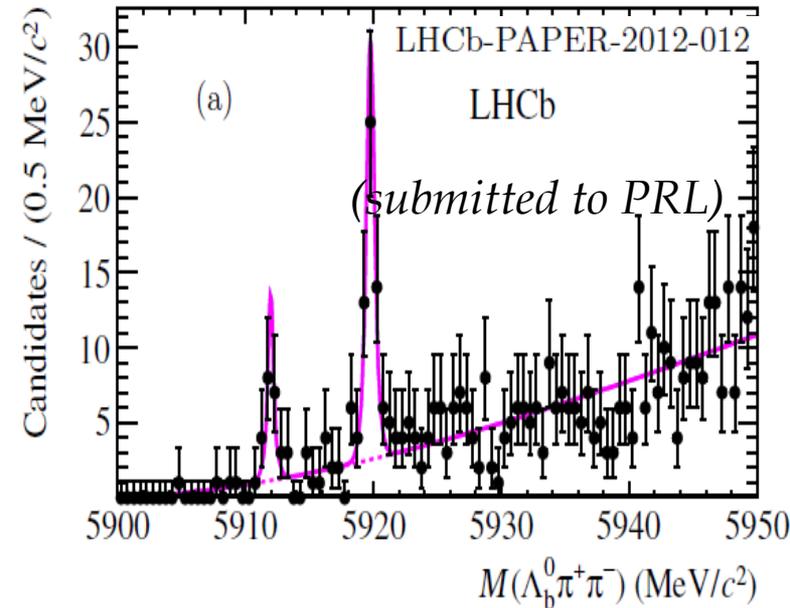
$$M_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5920)} = 5919.76 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

- Last error (dominant) comes from knowledge of Λ_b mass

- We also provide limits for the widths. @95% CL:

$$\Gamma_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5912)} < 0.82 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5920)} < 0.71 \text{ MeV}$$

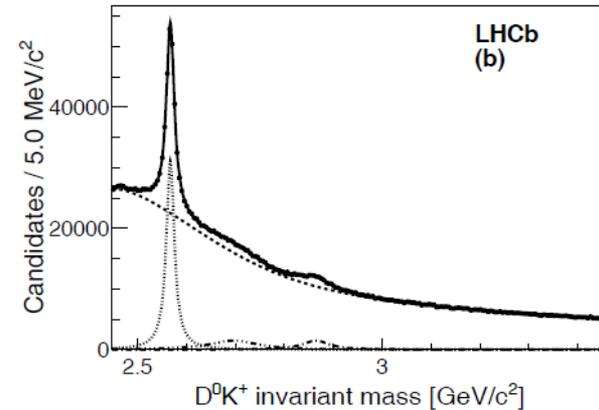


Hadronic production of D_{sJ}^*

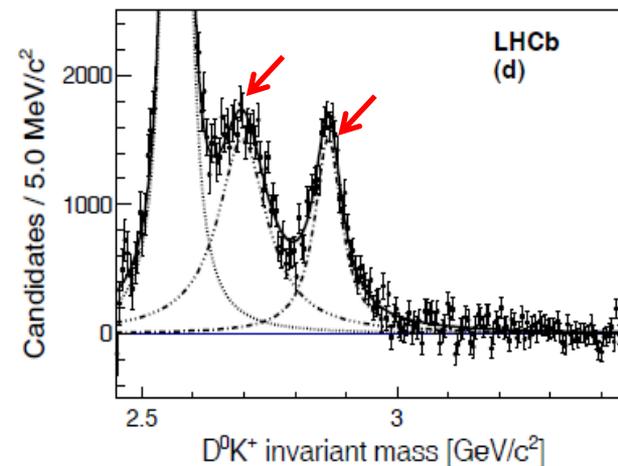
- LHCb also performed first observation of $D_{s1}^*(2710)^+$ and $D_{sJ}^*(2860)^+$ hadronic production
- Provide also masses and widths:

$$m(D_{s1}^*(2710)^+) = (2709.4 \pm 1.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.5_{\text{syst}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$
$$\Gamma(D_{s1}^*(2710)^+) = (121.7 \pm 7.3_{\text{stat}} \pm 12.1_{\text{syst}}) \text{ MeV},$$

$$m(D_{sJ}^*(2860)^+) = (2866.7 \pm 1.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 6.3_{\text{syst}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$
$$\Gamma(D_{sJ}^*(2860)^+) = (64.5 \pm 3.2_{\text{stat}} \pm 6.6_{\text{syst}}) \text{ MeV}.$$

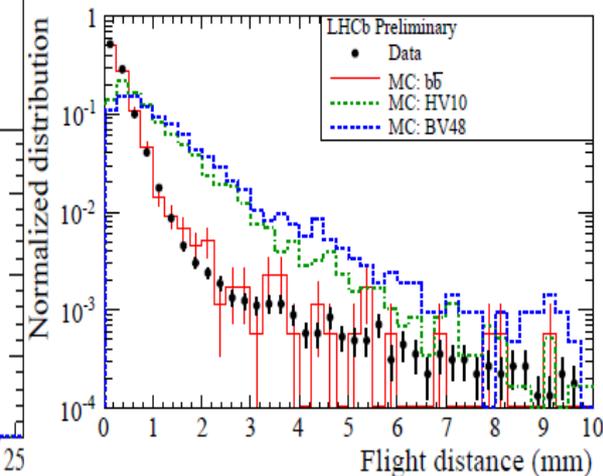
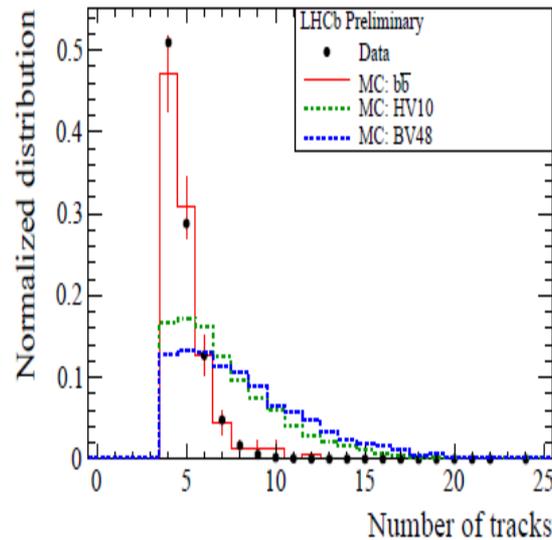
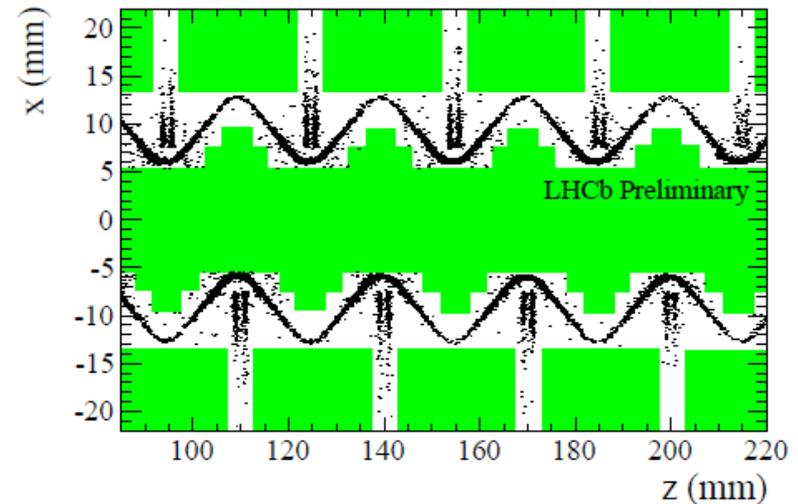


Bkg subtraction



Higgs boson like objects to long lived particles

- Used 36 pb⁻¹ of 2010 data
- The search covers lifetimes from 3 to 25 ps and Higgs masses of 100 to 125 GeV
- Considers Baryon number violation (BV) and Hidden Valley (HV) models
- Selection designed to remove bkg from material interactions and bb events



Higgs boson like objects to long lived particles



LHCb-CONF-2012-014

- 0 observed events. Report upper limits on cross section depending on the masses and lifetimes of the involved particles.
- Used Feldman-Cousins unified approach
- Will update with more statistics

m_{LLP}	30	35	40	48	55
m_{h^0}					
100	101	58	44	58	
105	100	75	44	39	
110	132	75	56	34	
114	128	91	47	32	46
120	148	93	58	34	31
125	179	90	61	41	29

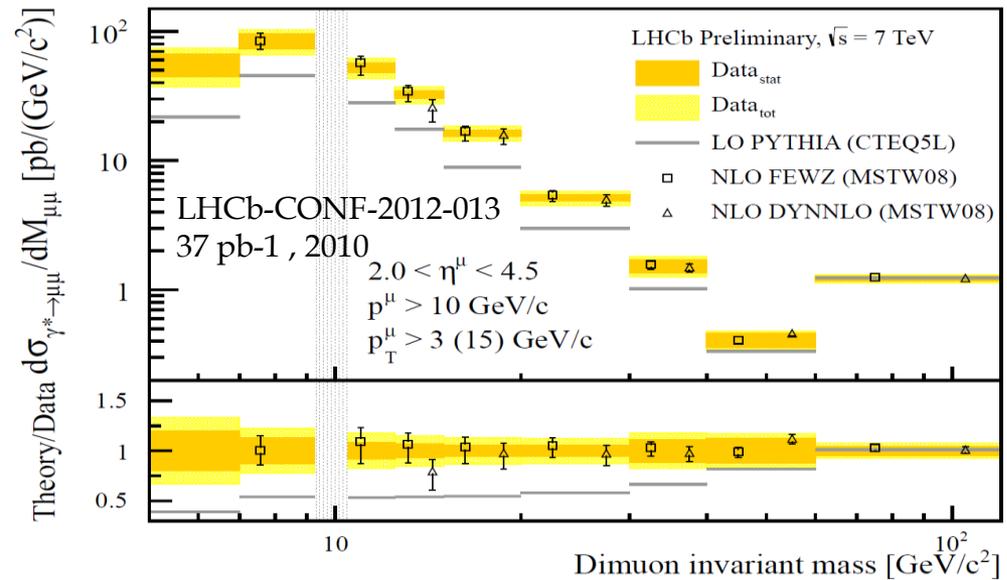
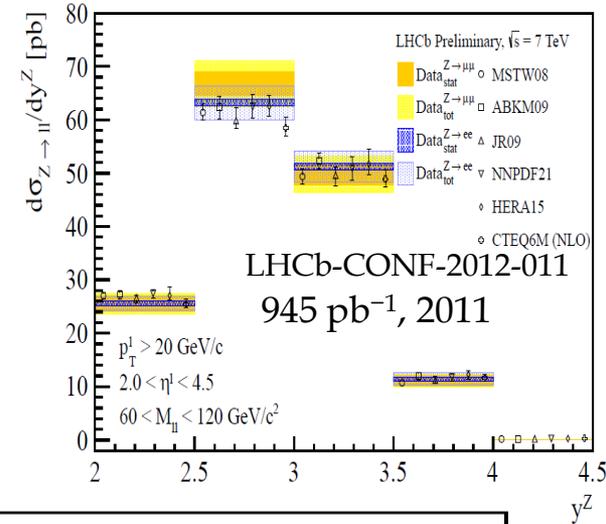
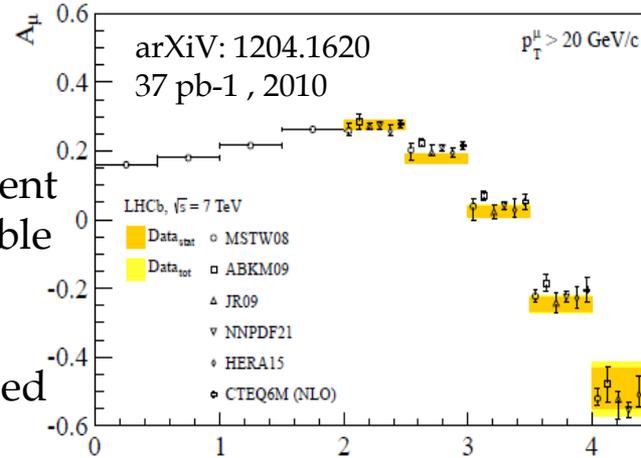
m_{LLP}	30	35	40	48	55
τ_{LLP}					
3	210	156	136	168	410
5	145	101	68	58	137
10	129	91	47	32	46
15	155	90	49	31	33
20	131	93	63	32	31
25	142	100	61	34	25

Table 5: 95 % CL upper limits on the cross-section for the production of a Higgs boson in the BV model, as a function of the LLP and Higgs masses for a LLP lifetime of 10 ps (left), and as a function of the LLP mass and lifetime for a Higgs mass of 114 GeV/c² (right). Cross-sections, masses and lifetimes are given in pb, GeV/c² and ps, respectively.

Electroweak measurements



- LHCb has an unique kinematic range down to $x=8 \times 10^{-6}$
- First measurements of W/Z productions at LHCb in agreement with NNLO. Precision comparable to theory uncertainties
- Ratio W^+/W^- xsection measured 1.7% accuracy
- First measurements of low mass $D-Y$ production at $M > 5$ GeV
- First measurement of $Z + \text{jet}$ production
- Will update with more statistics
- Measurement of $Z \rightarrow ee$ ($\sim 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)



Electroweak measurements



LHCb, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

Data_{stat}
 Data_{tot}

○ MSTW08

□ ABKM09

△ JR09

▽ NNPDF21

◇ HERA15

+ CTEQ6M (NLO)

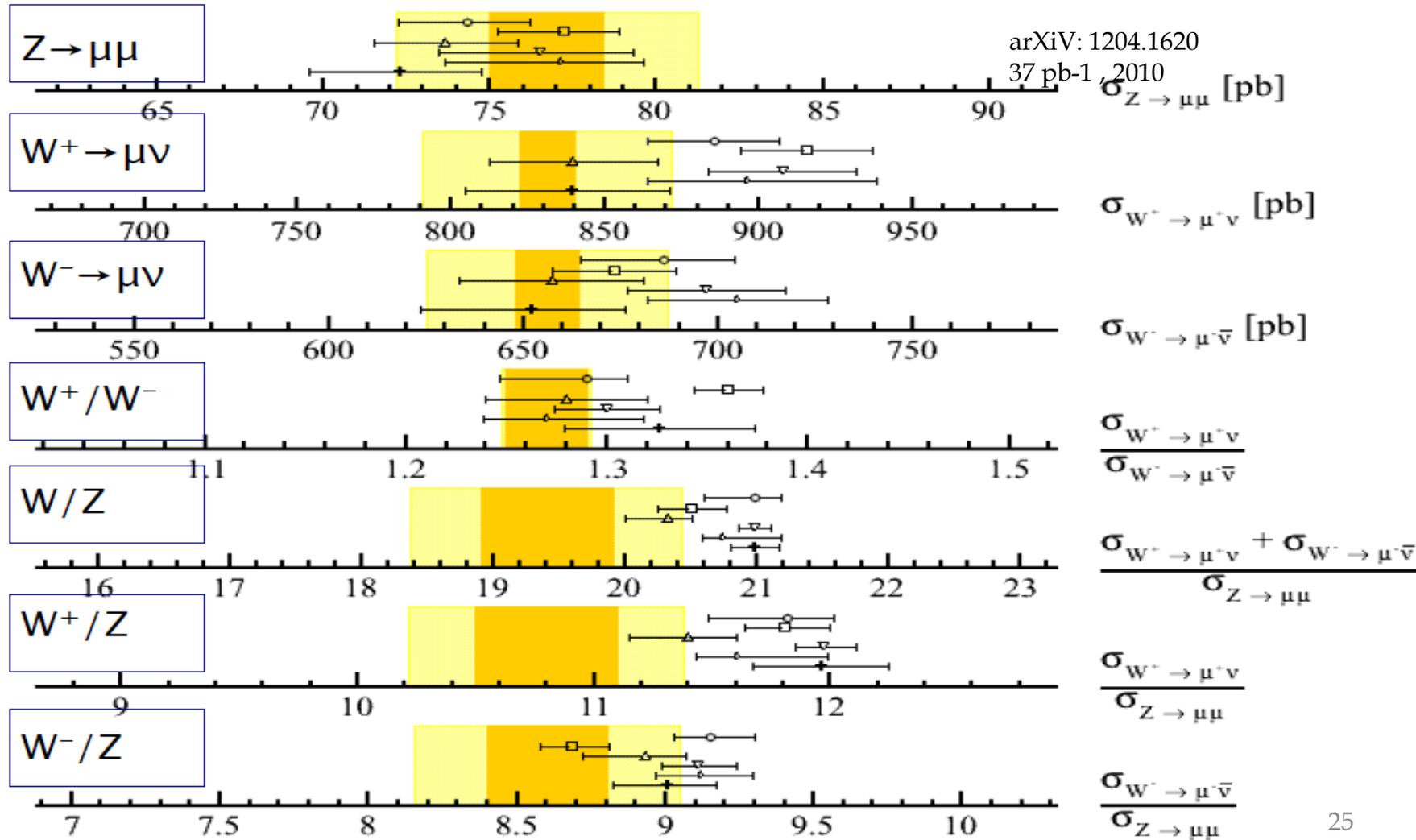
$p_T^\mu > 20$ GeV/c

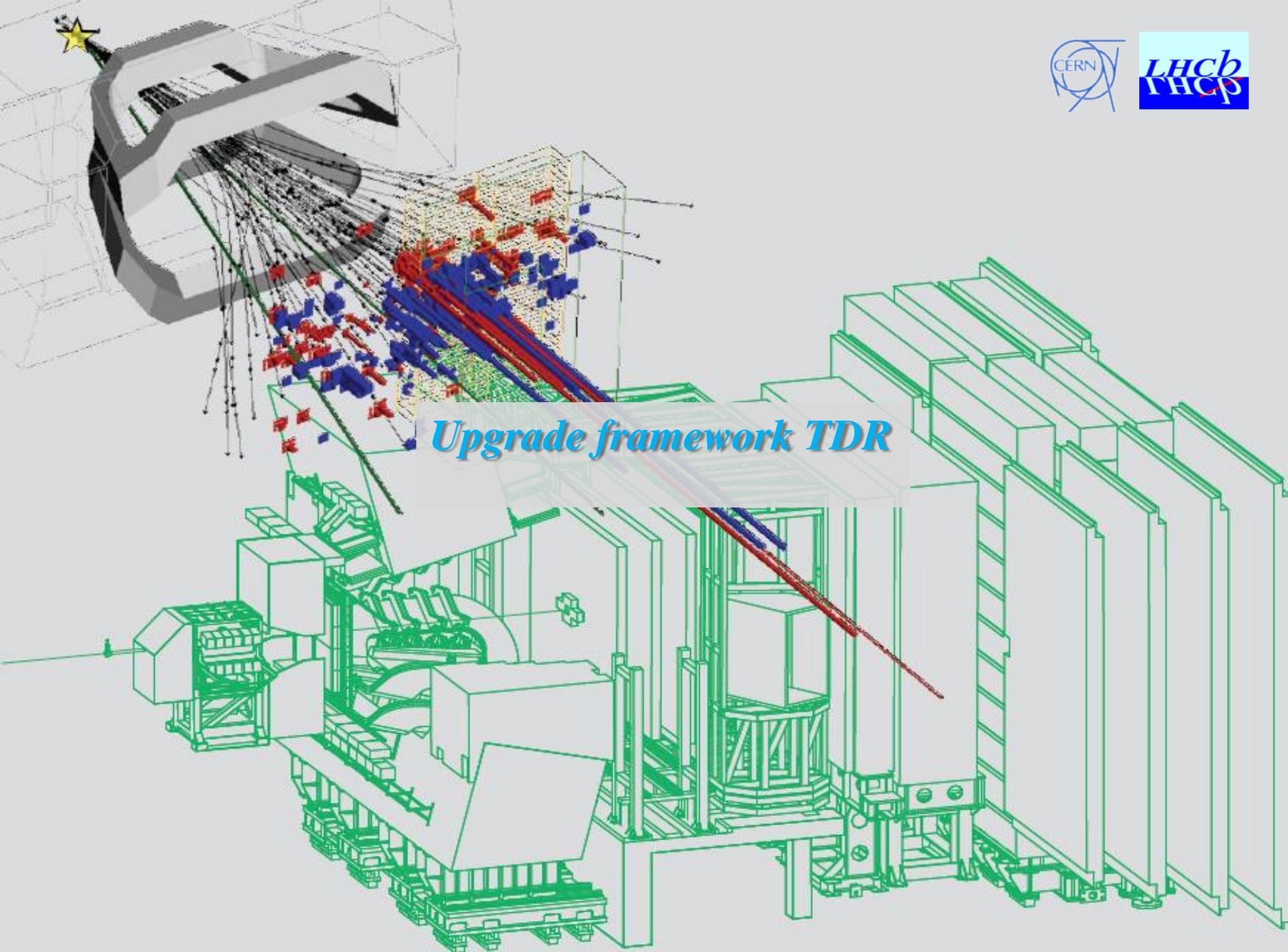
$2.0 < \eta^\mu < 4.5$

Z: $60 < M_{\mu\mu} < 120$ GeV/c²

arXiv: 1204.1620

37 pb⁻¹, 2010





Upgrade framework TDR

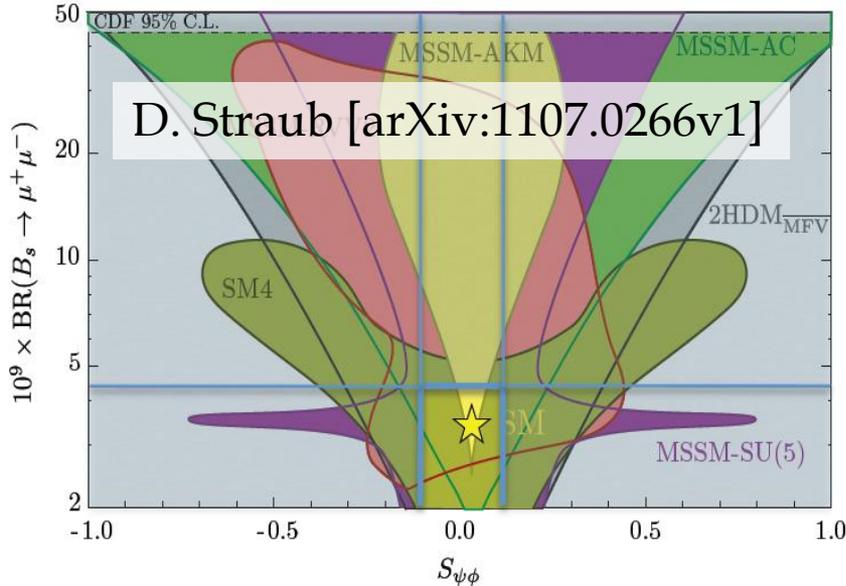
Introduction



CERN/LHCC 2012-007
(LHCb TDR 12)

- LHCb planning to upgrade the detector to 40 MHz readout with a very flexible software trigger, improving signal annual yields by factor 10(muons)-20(hadrons) compared to 2011.
- Will operate at leveled luminosity of up to 2×10^{33} , requiring therefore a peaking luminosity of up to $\sim 10^{34}$ from the LHC
- Before proceeding to subsystem TDR's, we produced a Framework TDR, providing schedules, costs and participating institutes.
- Subsystems are progressing well towards TDR, for some subsystems investigating best possible technologies
- LHCb Upgrade scheduled for starting installation in 2018.

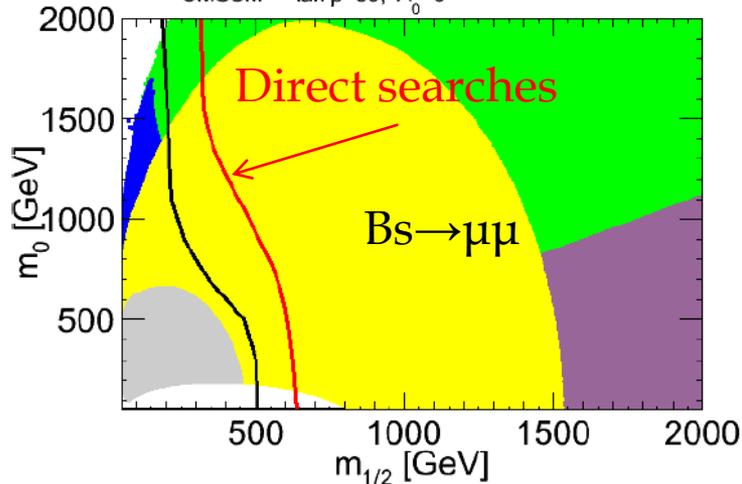
Physics motivation



D. Straub [arXiv:1107.0266v1]

N. Mahmoudi, Moriond QCD 2012

CMSSM - $\tan \beta=50, A_0=0$



- LHCb has provided excellent results up to now, which impose severe constraints in physics beyond the SM
- LHCb upgrade will allow us to improve our precision as well as to enrich the physics program with new observables.
- LOI for LHCb Upgrade presented to LHCC in March 2011. Physics case endorsed and recommendation to proceed to Upgrade TDR
- The expected sensitivities were based on MC or 40 pb⁻¹ of data, have been now confirmed using bigger samples

Physics motivation



CERN/LHCC 2012-007
(LHCb TDR 12)

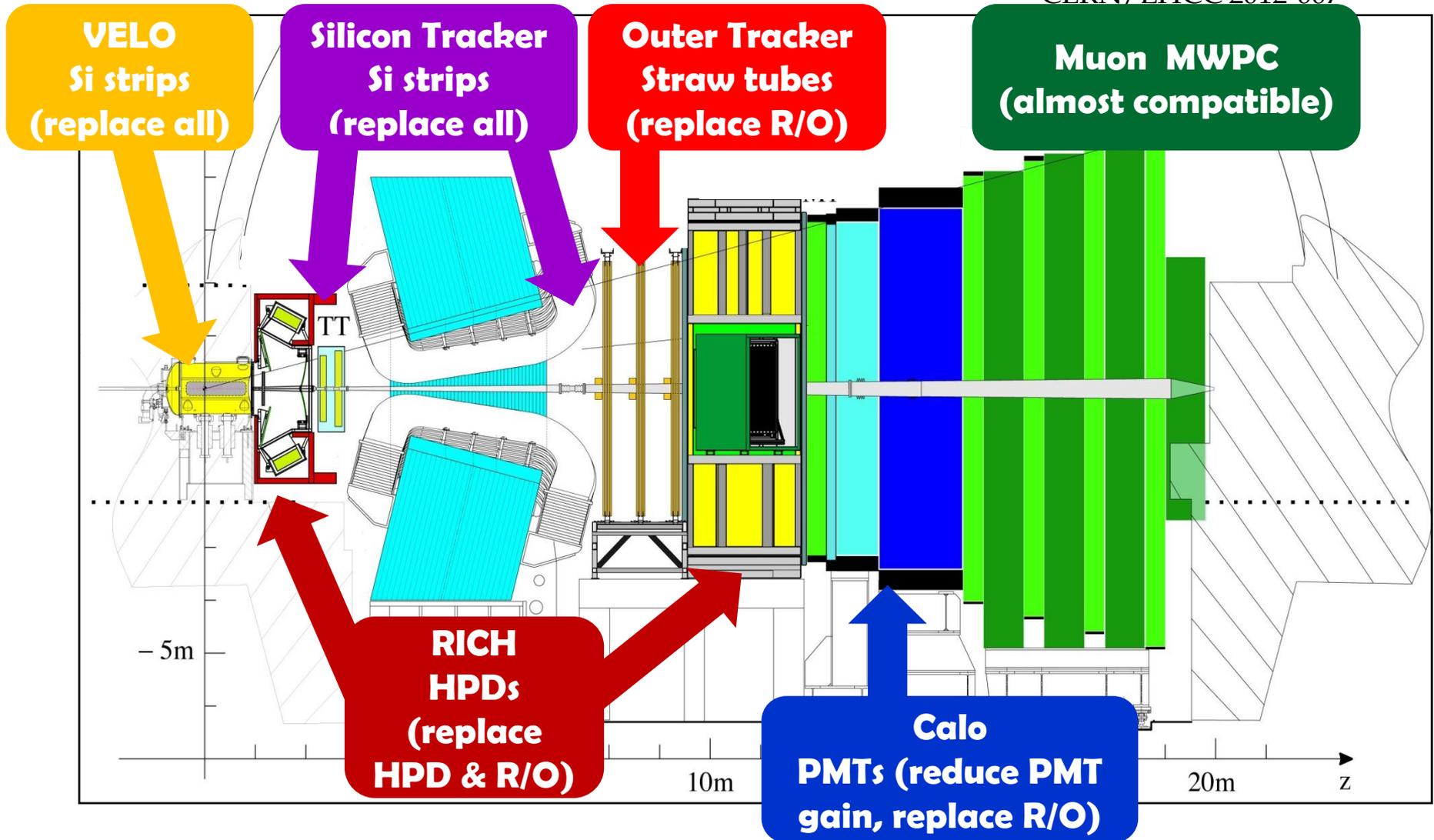
Type	Observable	Current precision	LHCb 2018	Upgrade (50 fb ⁻¹)	Theory uncertainty
B_s^0 mixing	$2\beta_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)$	0.10 [9]	0.025	0.008	~ 0.003
	$2\beta_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi f_0(980))$	0.17 [10]	0.045	0.014	~ 0.01
	$A_{FB}(B_s^0)$	6.4×10^{-3} [18]	0.6×10^{-3}	0.2×10^{-3}	0.03×10^{-3}
Gluonic penguin	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi)$	–	0.17	0.03	0.02
	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0})$	–	0.13	0.02	< 0.02
	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S^0)$	0.17 [18]	0.30	0.05	0.02
Right-handed currents	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)$	–	0.09	0.02	< 0.01
	$\tau^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)/\tau_{B_s^0}$	–	5 %	1 %	0.2 %
Electroweak penguin	$S_3(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu^+\mu^-; 1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4)$	0.08 [14]	0.025	0.008	0.02
	$s_0 A_{FB}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu^+\mu^-)$	25 % [14]	6 %	2 %	7 %
	$A_1(K\mu^+\mu^-; 1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4)$	0.25 [15]	0.08	0.025	~ 0.02
	$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+\mu^+\mu^-)$	25 % [16]	8 %	2.5 %	$\sim 10\%$
Higgs penguin	$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	1.5×10^{-9} [2]	0.5×10^{-9}	0.15×10^{-9}	0.3×10^{-9}
	$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	–	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 35\%$	$\sim 5\%$
Unitarity triangle angles	$\gamma (B \rightarrow D^{(*)}K^{(*)})$	$\sim 10\text{--}12^\circ$ [19, 20]	4°	0.9°	negligible
	$\gamma (B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s K)$	–	11°	2.0°	negligible
	$\beta (B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0)$	0.8° [18]	0.6°	0.2°	negligible
Charm	A_Γ	2.3×10^{-3} [18]	0.40×10^{-3}	0.07×10^{-3}	–
CP violation	ΔA_{CP}	2.1×10^{-3} [5]	0.65×10^{-3}	0.12×10^{-3}	–

Table 1: Statistical sensitivities of the LHCb upgrade to key observables. For each observable the current sensitivity is compared to that which will be achieved by LHCb before the upgrade, and that which will be achieved with 50 fb⁻¹ by the upgraded experiment. Systematic uncertainties are expected to be non-negligible for the most precisely measured quantities.

+ (Many other not included here...)

LHCb upgrade

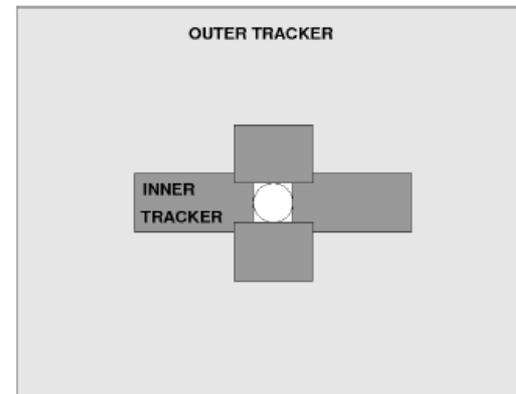
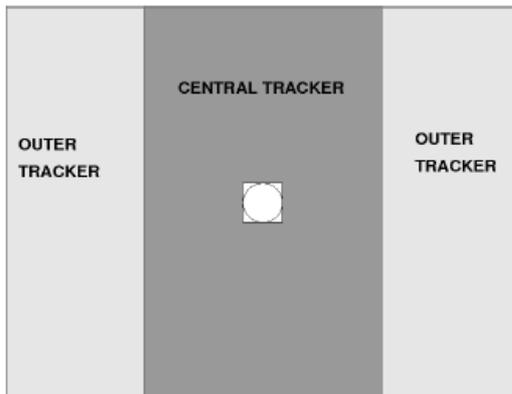
CERN/LHCC 2012-007



•Designed a common R/O Board: TELL40.

Technology options for tracking

- **VELO (Vertex Locator).**
 - Two possible technologies under investigation: **Pixels** and **microstrips**.
 - Try improving IP resolution by reducing foil inner radius from 5.5 mm to 4-3 mm.
- **Tracking stations.** At high luminosity → keep OT occupancies at an acceptable level → Investigating two different geometries/technologies



a) CT (Central Tracker): Central part of the OT (straw tubes) is replaced by scintillating fibers

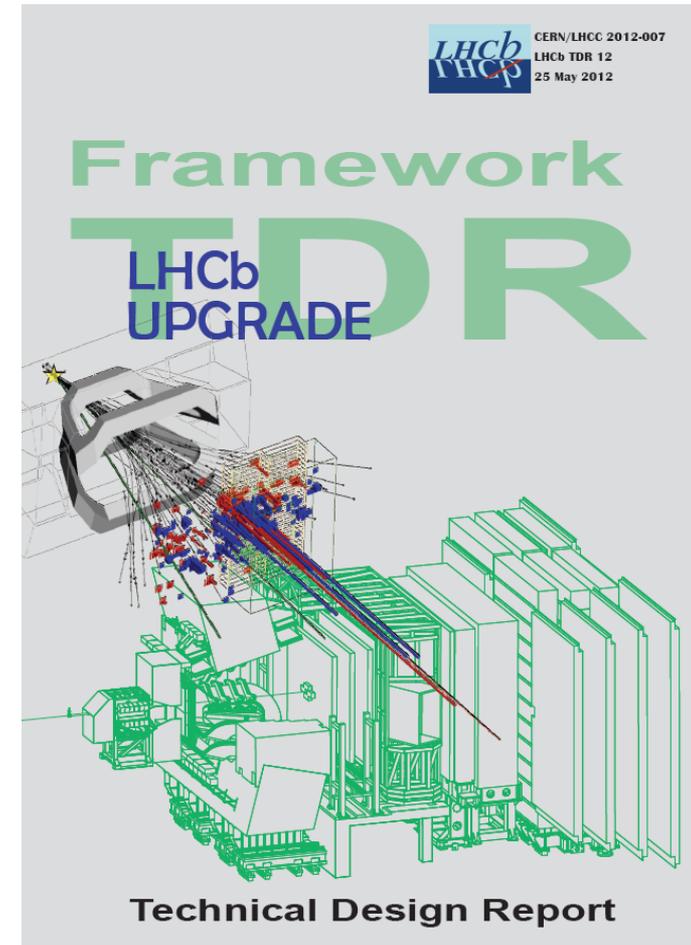
b) A larger IT (silicon) would cover the region of the current IT + the inner region of the current OT.

LHCb upgrade (schedule)



CERN/LHCC 2012-007
(LHCb TDR 12)

- June 2011: LoI fully endorsed
- June 2012: “Framework TDR” submitted
- 2012: continue R&D towards technical choices
- 2013: technical review & choice of technology. TDRs & prototype validation
- 2014-16: tendering & serial production
- 2016-17: quality control & acceptance tests
- 2018/19: installation (18 months according to planning!)



Conclusions



- LHCb efficiently taking and processing data
 - Already recorded 0.5 fb^{-1} in 2012, expected 1.5 fb^{-1} by the end of the year.
 - Thanks to the help of LHC team LHCb is running smoothly with vertical collisions and magnet polarity swaps
 - Deferred HLT working, expect to reach a gain equivalent to 20% more CPU
- Several new results presented
- Framework TDR: CERN/LHCC 2012-007
 - LHCb upgrade will allow us to improve our current precision by one order of magnitude in our main channels
 - Starting of installation scheduled for 2018
 - More details in the upgrade session of Tuesday

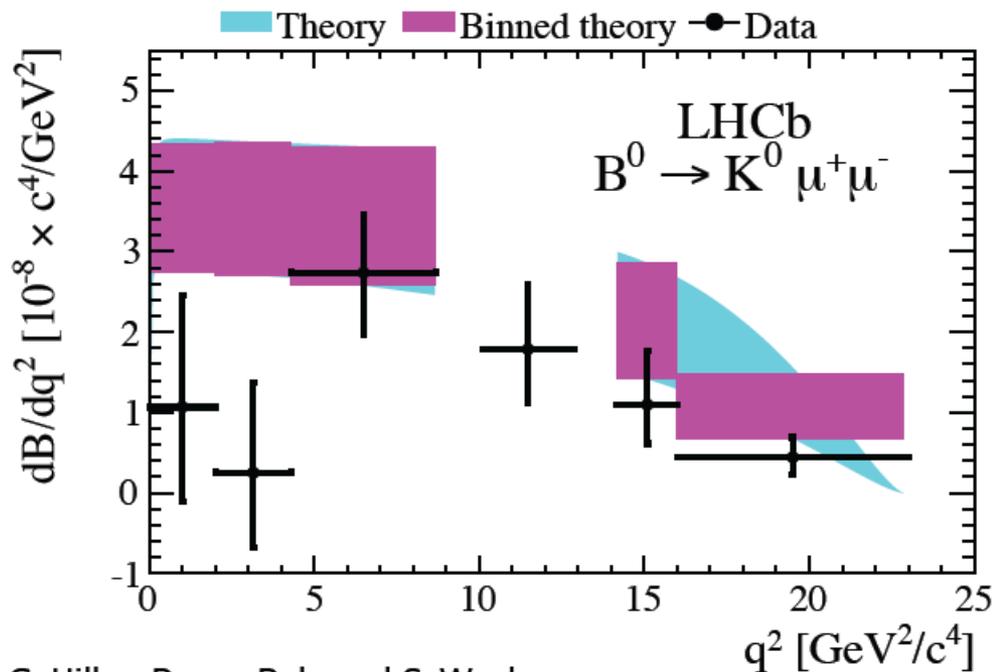
Thanks for your attention

$dBF/q^2(B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \mu^+ \mu^-)$



- There is a deficit of $B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$ signal in the q^2 regions which are not adjacent to the charmonium resonances

[LHCb-PAPER-2012-011]



C. Bobeth, G. Hiller, D. van Dyk, and C. Wacker,

$$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = \left[\frac{1 - y_s^2}{1 + \mathcal{A}_{\Delta\Gamma} y_s} \right] \text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)_{\text{exp}},$$

+1 in the SM

$$y_s \equiv \tau_{B_s} \Delta\Gamma_s / 2 = 0.088 \pm 0.014,$$

Other Physics results



LHCb-PAPER-2011-037

- Measurement of prompt charged hadron production ratios at 0.9 TeV and 7 TeV (First measurement at this last energy)
- Comparisons with several generator tunes (LHCb MC, Perugia 0, Perugia NOCR), none of them describes well all the observables
- Fitting \bar{p}/p ratio vs Δy with Regge theory function (and including mid-rapidity data from ALICE) indicates no significant contribution from Odderon exchange

